Outline of this tutorial

Introduction to JML

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The Java Modeling Language JML

www.jmlspecs.org

First

- introduction to JML
- overview of tool support for JML, esp. runtime assertion checking (using jmlrac) and extended static checking ESC/Java2

Then

- ESC/Java2: Use and Features
- ESC/Java2: Warnings
- Specification tips and pitfalls
- Advanced JML: more tips and pitfalls

interspersed with demos.

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JML by Gary Leavens et al.

Formal specification language for Java

- to specify behaviour of Java classes
- to record design &implementation decisions

by adding assertions to Java source code, eg

- preconditions
- postconditions
- invariants

as in Eiffel (Design by Contract), but more expressive.

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Goal: JML should be easy to use for any Java programmer.

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requires, ensures

Pre- and post-conditions for method can be specified.

```
/*@ requires amount >= 0;
    ensures balance == \old(balance-amount) &&
        \result == balance;
    @*/
public int debit(int amount) {
    ...
}
```

Here \old(balance) refers to the value of balance before execution of the method.

To make JML easy to use:

- JML assertions are added as comments in .java file, between /*@...@*/, or after //@,
- Properties are specified as Java boolean expressions, extended with a few operators (\old, \forall, \result, ...).
- using a few keywords (requires, ensures, signals, assignable, pure, invariant, non_null,...)

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requires, ensures

JML specs can be as strong or as weak as you want.

```
/*@ requires amount >= 0;
    ensures true;
    @*/
public int debit(int amount) {
    ...
}
```

This default postcondition "ensures true" can be omitted.

Design-by-Contract

signals

Pre- and postconditions define a contract between a class nd its clients:

Exceptional postconditions can also be specified.

 Client must ensure precondition and may assume postcondition

ensures true;

/*@ requires amount >= 0;

 Method may assume precondition and must ensure postcondition

signals (BankException e) amount > balance

g, in the example specs for debit, it is the obligation of he client to ensure that amount is positive. The requires lause makes this explicit.

- 23 balance == \old(balance) && e.getReason().equals("Amount to @*/
- public int debit(int amount) throws BankExce

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invariant

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signals

Invariants (aka class invariants) are properties that must be maintained by all methods, e.g.,

```
public class Wallet {
 public static final short MAX BAL = 1000;
 private short balance;
   /*@ invariant 0 <= balance &&
                       balance <= MAX BAL;</pre>
     @*/
```

Invariants are implicitly included in all pre- and postconditions.

Invariants must also be preserved if exception is thrown!

exceptions mentioned in throws clause are allowed by lefault, i.e. the default signals clause is signals (Exception) true;

o rule them out, add an explicit

signals (Exception) false;

or use the keyword normal_behavior

/*@ normal behavior requires ... ensures ... @*/

invariant

nvariants document design decisions, e.g.,

Making them explicit helps in understanding the code.

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assert

An assert clause specifies a property that should hold at some point in the code, e.g.,

```
if (i <= 0 || j < 0) {
    ...
} else if (j < 5) {
    //@ assert i > 0 && 0 < j && j < 5;
    ...
} else {
    //@ assert i > 0 && j > 5;
    ...
}
```

Many invariants, pre- and postconditions are about references not being null. non_null is a convenient short-hand for these.

```
public class Directory {
  private /*@ non null @*/ File[] files;
  void createSubdir(/*@ non null @*/ String nat
   ...
  Directory /*@ non null @*/ getParent(){
   ...
}
```

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assert

JML keyword assert now also in Java (since Java 1.4). Still, assert in JML is more expressive, for example in

assignable

pure

rame properties limit possible side-effects of methods.

```
/*@ requires amount >= 0;
    assignable balance;
    ensures balance == \old(balance)-amount;
@*/
public int debit(int amount) { }
...
```

e.g., debit can only assign to the field balance.

IB this does *not* follow from the post-condition.

Default assignable clause: assignable \everything.

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JML recap

he JML keywords discussed so far:

- requires
- ensures
- signals
- assignable
- normal_behavior
- invariant
- non_null
- pure
- \old, \forall, \exists, \result

his is all you need to know to get started!

A method without side-effects is called pure.

```
public /*@ pure @*/ int getBalance(){...
Directory /*@ pure non null @*/ getParent(){
```

Pure method are implicitly assignable \nothing.

Pure methods, and only pure methods, can be used *in* specifications, eg.

```
//@ invariant 0<=getBalance() && getBalance()<=MAX_BAL</pre>
```

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Tools for JML

tools for JML tools for JML

parsing and typechecking

- parsing and typechecking
- runtime assertion checking: test for violations of assertions during execution jmlrac

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tools for JML

- parsing and typechecking
- runtime assertion checking: test for violations of assertions during execution imlrac
- extended static checking ie. automated program verification: prove that contracts are never violated at compile-time ESC/Java2

This is program verification, not just testing.

runtime assertion checking

jmlrac compiler by Gary Leavens, Yoonsik Cheon, et al. at lowa State Univ.

 translates JML assertions into runtime checks: during execution, all assertions are tested and any violation of an assertion produces an Error.

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- better testing and better feedback, because more properties are tested, at more places in the code

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Of course, an assertion violation can be an *error in code* or an *error in specification*.

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The jmlunit tool combines jmlrac and unit testing.

runtime assertion checking

mlrac can generate complicated test-code for free. E.g., for

t will test that if debit throws an exception, the balance basn't changed, and all invariants still hold.

mlrac even checks ackslashforall if the domain of quantification is inite.

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extended static checking

SC/Java(2)

- extended static checking = fully automated program verification, with some compromises to achieve full automation
- tries to prove correctness of specifications, at compile-time, fully automatically

extended static checking

ESC/Java(2)

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- tries to prove correctness of specifications, at compile-time, fully automatically
- not sound: ESC/Java may miss an error that is actually present
- not complete: ESC/Java may warn of errors that are impossible
- but finds lots of potential bugs quickly
- good at proving absence of runtime exceptions (eg Null-, ArrayIndexOutOfBounds-, ClassCast-) and verifying relatively simple properties.

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ESC/Java(2) credits

- ESC/Java originally developed at DEC SRC later Compaq, and now HP Research – by Rustan Leino, Cormac Flanagan, Mark Lillibridge, Greg Nelson, Raymie Stata, and James Saxe.
- ESC/Java2, extension that supports more of JML, developed by David Cok and Joe Kiniry.

static checking vs runtime checking

One of the assertions below is wrong:

```
if (i <= 0 || j < 0) {
    ...
} else if (j < 5) {
    //@ assert i > 0 && 0 < j && j < 5;
    ...
} else {
    //@ assert i > 0 && j > 5;
    ...
}
```

Runtime assertion checking *may* detect this with a comprehensive test suite.

SC/Java2 will detect this at compile-time.

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more JML tools

- javadoc-style documentation: jmldoc
- Eclipse plugin
- Other red verification tools:
 - LOOP tool + PVS (Nijmegen)
 - JACK (Gemplus/INRIA)
 - Krakatoa tool + Cog (INRIA)

These tools also allow interactive verification (whereas ESC/Java2 only aims at fully automatic verification) and can therefore handle more complex properties.

- runtime detection of invariants: Daikon (Michael Ernst, MIT)
- model-checking multi-threaded programs: Bogor (Kansas State)

static checking vs runtime checking

Important differences:

- ESC/Java2 checks specs at compile-time, jmlrac checks specs at run-time
- ESC/Java2 proves correctness of specs, jml only tests correctness of specs.
 Hence
 - ESC/Java2 independent of any test suite, results of runtime testing only as good as the test suite.
 - ESC/Java2 provides higher degree of confidence.

The price for this: you have to specify all pre- and postconditions of methods (incl. API methods) and invariants needed for modular verification

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Related Work

- jContract tool for Java by Parasoft
- Spec# for C# by Microsoft
- SparkAda for subset of Ada by Praxis Critical Systems Ltd.
- OCL specification language for UML

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- Gary Leavens leads the JML effort at Iowa St. Contributors include Albert Baker, Clyde Ruby, Curtis Clifton, Yoonsik Cheon, Anand Ganapathy, Abhay Bhorkar, Arun Raghavan, Kristina Boysen, David Behroozi. Katie Becker, Elisabeth Seagren, Brandon Shilling, Katie Becker, Ajani Thomas, and Arthur Thomas.
- The ESC project at SRC included Rustan Leino, Cormac Flanagan, Mark Lillibridge, Greg Nelson, Raymie Stata, and James Saxe.
- More people at many different places are contributing to JML

More information

These websites and mailing lists can provide more information (and have links to even more):

- JML: www.jmlspecs.org
- mailing lists: jmlspecs-interest@lists.sourceforge.net jmlspecs-developers@lists.sourceforge.net
- ESC/Java2: http://secure.ucd.ie/products/opensource/ESCJava2/
- ESC/Java: http://www.research.compaq.com/SRC/esc/
- mailing list: jmlspecs-escjava@lists.sourceforge.net

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